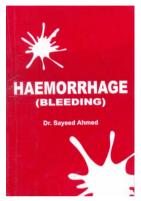
Sayeed Ahmad Haemorrhage (Bleeding)

Extrait du livre

Haemorrhage (Bleeding)
de Sayeed Ahmad
Éditeur : IBPP



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ABORTION

(Miscarriage)

Abortion or miscarriage indicates all expulsions of the embryo baby before it is viable. Viability is usually after 28 weeks of pregnancy. So any expulsion of embryo before 28 weeks is considered as abortion.

Slight bleeding is the usual symptom of abortion and it may be followed later by heavy bleeding and severe pain in abdomen and finally by expulsion of the embryo. Abortion can be either threatened abortion, inevitable abortion, complete abortion, incomplete abortion or criminal abortion. Because of danger of incomplete abortion it is better to consult a lady doctor and make sure that all the remnant are expelled or removed from the uterus.

Abortion must be regarded as a very serious evil; it not only deprives the mother of the product of her pregnancy, but often imperils life and health.

The exciting causes of abortion are - overreaching, falls, blows, false steps, lifting heavy weights, long walks, horseback exercise, hard work, dancing, tight stays, indigestible food, purgative drugs, violent mental emotions.

The predisposing causes are feebleness of constitution; too slight an attachment of the embryo to the womb during the early part of pregnancy; profuse menstruation; a relaxed condition of the

When of a severe grade, it is suggestive of one of the forms of Anaemia or of a diathetic disorder.

INCREASED REDNESS OF THE SKIN:

Increased redness of the skin in the normal constitution suggests, sudden emotional changes, especially from anger. In chronic ill-health, it suggests the unstability of the vaso-motor mechanism.

ULCERS:

An ulcer implies the loss of the whole thickness of the skin, not the superficial raw place left by, say, a broken blister.

There are different types of ulcers such as:

- Varicose Ulcer.
- Gravitational Ulcer.
- Tuberculous Ulcer.
- Rodent Ulcer.

PURPURA

A condition characterised by extra-vasation of blood in the skin and mucous membrance, causing purple spots and patches. It may be a primary disease, most probably an auto-immune process, or a secondary sign in other diseases where there is failure of platelet production.

PURPURA HAEMORRHAGICA (THROMBO-CYTOPENIC PURPURA):

A severe form with profuse haemorrhage, ecpecially from the mucous membrance, any of which may be involved.

Homoeopathic Treatment

As if blood would start Aml-n 3 through skin.

Bleedina with Lvc. 6-30 ulcers. shoothing pain, which burn while being dressed, or with nocturnal tearing and itching. Intertrigo: raw places bleeding easily.

Eruptions which resemble scables, and which bleed easily.

Merc. 3-30

Skin dry, constricted, very Petr. 3-30 sensitive, rough and cracked, leathery. Thick, greenish crusts, burning and itching: redness, raw; cracks bleed easily.

Wounds ulcers, with and lancinations as by splinters, or with burning pains (Especially when they are touched), and which bleed easily.

Nit-ac. 6

Eruptions, especially on back Pix. 3-6 of hands, itching intolerably at night and bleeding when scratched. Skin cracked, bleeding when scratched. with

sleeplessness.

STOMACH

The dilated portion of the alimentary canal between the oesophagus and the duodenum, **just** below the diaphragm.

Vomiting of blood from the stomach is called "Haematemesis" - the blood is usually clotted and mixed with food.

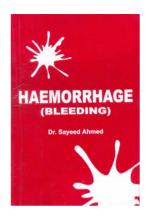
Vomiting of blood results most frequently from chronic ulcer of the stomach or duodenum.

CAUSES:

- Oesophageal: Varices, Reflux Oesophagitis,. Carcinoma.
- Stomach: Chronic Gastric Ulcer, Erosive Gastritis as from drugs like Aspirin, Carcinoma, Hiatus Hernia, Foreign Body.
- Duodenum: Ulcer, Diverticulam.
- Miscellaneous: Blood dyscrasiasis, Chronic Renal Insufficiency, Cirrhosis Liver, Bleeding from gums and mouth.

Haematemesis i.e. vomiting of blood has to be differentiated from Haemoptysis i.e. coughing of blood from the lungs. In vomiting of blood, **the** blood is dark, partly clotted and mixed with food particles, whereas in coughing of blood, the blood is bright red, froathy and unclotted. Vomiting of blood is always followed by dark tarry motions because of ingested blood. So motions may be black for several days after an attack.

If blood vomiting is severe, better to admit the patient in a hospital as an intensive care treatment is required.



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