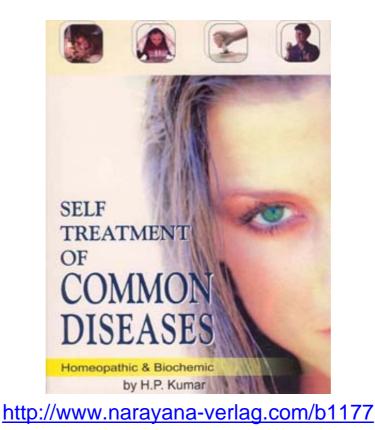
H.P. Krishna Kumar Self Treatment of common Diseases

Reading excerpt Self Treatment of common Diseases of <u>H.P. Krishna Kumar</u> Publisher: Health Harmony



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ASTHMA

GENERAL HOME CARE

- Take full rest when joints are inflamed.
- The affected joints should be kept on firm rest and warm and protected from exposure.
- Hot application will help to relieve pain.
- General massage with an analgesic balm is also palliative.
- Keep the weight in check.
- Exercise which helps to strengthen the muscles of the affected joint should be done regularly.

Lie on your back, and raise your legs alternately keeping the knees straight.
 Straighten your legs while sitting and rotate your feet clockwise and anticlockwise.
 The diet must be properly balanced and rich in vitamins B and C.

CALL THE DOCTOR

Immediately when the disease is suspected. •••

ASTHMA



ASTHMA

the

Asthma is a. disease that inflames and narrow* the airways in your lungs.

SYMPTOMS

It is a disease of lungs or

respiratory organs characterised by difficulty of breathing with wheezing and dreadful sense of tightness across the chest. It occurs when the small bronchial passages in the lungs get swollen with inflammation. They are obstructed by phlegm and narrowed when the muscles surrounding the air tubes become tight causing the wheezing sound.

The attacks usually come on suddenly and at night. There is a sense of tightness and constriction about the chest with an urgent desire for fresh air, yet the patient cannot bear a draught. The breathing is extremely laborious and wheezing. The chest heaves violently and the pulse is irregular and intermittent. The face is expressive of great anxiety and it is bloated and flushed. Patient is obliged to sit up with the head inclined forward. There is a dry cough at first, followed by expectoration of tough mucus. The paroxysm usually lasts three or four hours, when it gradually subsides, and there may not be a recurrence for weeks or months, or even years.

CAUSES

Asthma may be caused by respiratory infection which may result in the inflammation of the bronchial tubes. It may be due to irritation of the nerves of respiration resulting from a deranged digestion, change of atmosphere, dust, smoke or other poisonous materials floating in the air breathed. Asthma may follow chronic bronchitis, dyspepsia, flatulence, constipation, fatty heart, elongated uvula. Very often it is a hereditary disease and tends to run in families. ASTHMA

HOMOEOPATHIC TREATMENT

MEDICINES	INDICATING SYMPTOMS
۹ ANTIM. TART. 30 ۹ ۹	full of phlegm, but none comes up. Anxious oppression, difficulty of breathing and shortness of breath, with desire to sit erect.
۹ ARSENIC ALB. 30 ۹ ۶	 Time of attack is generally just after midnight. There is a great deal of anguish, restlessness and fear of lying down because of feeling of suffocation. Associated with dry cough, burning and soreness, in the chest. There is little expectoration but, if present, is frothy. ' Arsenic is often given after <i>Ipecac</i> during the course of an acute attack.
۹ CARBO VEG. 30 ۹ ۹	ciated with soreness and burning in the chest. Worse in open air and after eating or talk- ing, better from belching. The patient is
۹ IPECAC 30 ۹	Great anxiety with sudden wheezing, short- ness of breath, and a feeling of suffocation. There is a sensation of a great weight upon the chest. Constant cough which causes gagging, nau- sea and vomiting.

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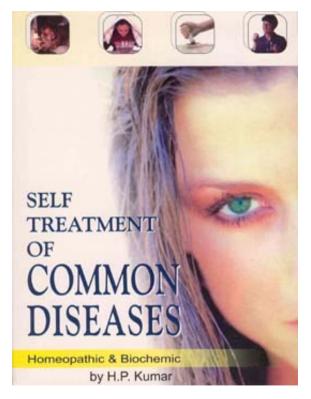
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	q	The patient feels his chest is full of phlegm,
		but none is brought up.
	9	The extremities are covered with cold per- spiration.
		sphaton
	٩	Attacks coming on about three or four
KALI BICHROM. 30		o'clock in the morning.
	9	Compelling the patient to sit up to breathe. Sits up and bends forward which relieves
	٩	somewhat.
	q	As does also the expectoration of stringy
	1	yellow mucus.
	q	Attacks of simple space dia asthma
NUX VOMICA 30	a.	Attacks of simple spasmodic asthma brought on by gastric disturbances.
	8	There is some relief by belching, and the
	1151	patient must loosen his clothing.
	q	Patient is usually irritable and fiery and may
		have a constricted feeling at the lower part of the chest.
		of the cliest.
	-	
	9	Frequent weak, faint spells.
	9	Constant heat on top of the head.
	q	If the attack was caused by breathing in smoky atmosphere.
	9	The attack comes on during sleep, or in the
SULPHUR 30	r	evening, with a feeling of tightness across
		the chest, and a sensation of dust in the air-
		passages.
	9	Dry cough with hoarseness, or loose cough with soreness and pressure in the chest.
		with soleness and pressure in the chest.
BIOCHEMIC T	RE	ATMENT
MEDICINES		INDICATING SYMPTOMS
	q	
CALC. PHOS. 6X	٩	C
	9	The child gets suffocative attacks on bem£

P The child gets suffocative attacks on bem£ lifted from the cradle. ASTHMA

KALI PHOS. 6X	 Chief remedy in nervous asthma and asthma from eating the least food. It cures hay-asthma and depressed condition of the nervous system. It should be given in large and frequent doses.
KALI MUR. 6X	 Very useful in cardiac asthma with sensation as if heart and lungs were contricted. The tongue is white and there is liverishness.
MAGNESIA PHOS. 3X	 Cures spasmodic nervous asthma. There are violent eructations and passing of flatus. The cough is paroxysmal, dry and worse on only lying down.
NATRIUM SULPH. 6X	 P Is best suited to young people. The P asthma is worse from damp weather or wet surroundings. P The attack of asthma is in the early morning at about 4 or 5 a.m. with cough and raising of gkiry mucus. P The expectoration is greenish and copious. P There is vomiting after eating. P The stools are loose.
GENERAL HOME CARE	CALL THE DOCTOR
 Sip a warm drink to alleviate a mild bout of wheezing caused by inhaling very cold air. Do not lie down if it makes breathing difficult. Avoid use of dairy products as they increase the mucus. Adopt a posture which makes breathing easier and relaxed during the bout. Avoid contact with any substance that may aggravate the condition. Drink plenty of liquid during an attack. Undertake breathing exercises regularly and also during acute attack. 	 If there is loud wheezing during an attack. If there is any tinge of blue on the skin or lips. If there is rapid, shallow breathing. If there is increased pulse rate, anxiety or panic. If there is severe chest infection in an asthma sufferer. If asthma attacks are becoming increasingly severe or frequent. If there is wheezing in children under 2 years of age.BBB

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